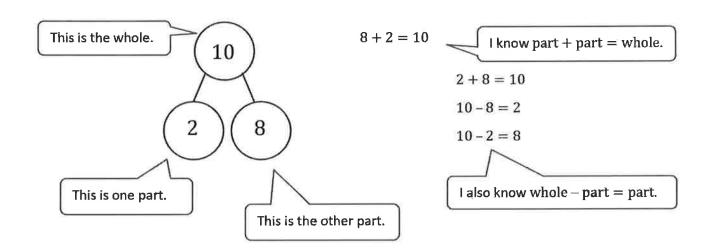
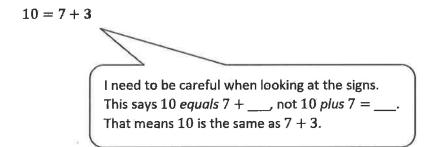
Grade 2 Module 1

Fluency Practice

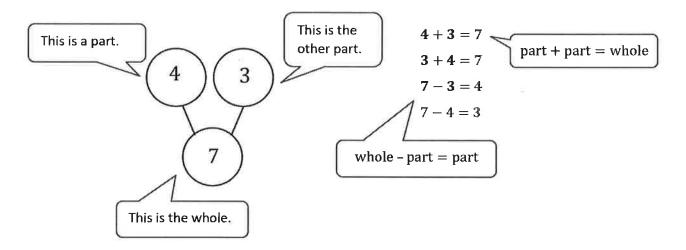
Making ten and adding to ten is foundational to future Grade 2 strategies. Students use a number bond to show the part-whole relationship with numbers.





Fluency Practice

Making the next ten and adding to a multiple of ten is foundational to future Grade 2 strategies. Students continue to use a number bond to show the part-whole relationship with numbers.



- 1. 30 + 6 = 36I can add 3 tens and 6 ones to get 36.
- 2. 64 = 60 + 4I can break apart 64 into tens and ones. 64 is 6 tens and 4 ones, so 64 = 60 + 4.
- 3. 35 = 30 + 5I can think 35 is 5 and what?

Add and Subtract Like Units, Ones, To Solve Problems Within 100

1.
$$20 + 7 = 27$$

$$20 + 7 =$$

2. 20 + 70 = 90

I can think 2 tens + 7 ones = 2 tens 7 ones.

To solve 20 + 70 add tens to tens. The units are the same, so I can add them together.

2 tens + 7 tens = 9 tens.

3.
$$62 + 3 = 65$$

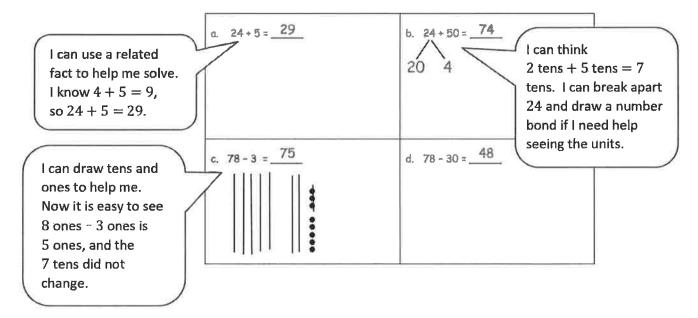
4. 62 + 30 = 92

6 tens 2 ones + 3 ones = 6 tens 5 ones

To solve 62 + 30 add tens to tens.

6 tens 2 ones + 3 tens = 9 tens 2 ones

5. Complete each blank in the table below.





Making Ten from an Addend of 9, 8, or 7

1. 9+3=12

I can draw 9 circles and 3 Xs to add.

I see that I made a ten! Now it is easy to add because I know 10 + 2 is 12.

I can also solve without a drawing.

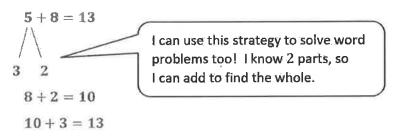
8 is closer to 10 than 7, so I can make 10 with the 8. 8 needs 2 to make 10, so I can break apart 7 with a number bond to get the 2 out.

Now I can add 8 and 2 to get 10, and now it is easy to add what is left; 10 and 5 is 15. So 8+7 is 15.

- 3. 10 + 2 = 12 To solve, I can think 10 and what make 12? 10 and 2 make 12.
- 4. 9 + 3 = 12I know 9 is 1 less than 10, so the answer for $9 + _ = 12$ must be 1 more than $10 + _ = 12$.

 So 9 + 3 = 12.

Ronnie uses 5 brown bricks and 8 red bricks to build a fort. How many bricks does Ronnie use in all?



Ronnie used 13 bricks in all.

Making the Next Ten

1. 9+3=12

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If I need to, I can draw circles and Xs to add. I see that I made a ten! Now it is easy to add because I know 10 + 2 is 12.

00000

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2. 19 + 3 = 222 1

> 19 + 1 = 2020 + 2 = 22

I know 19 is really close to a ten, 20. It just needs 1 more.

I can break apart 3 with a number bond to get the 1 out. Now I can add 19 and 1 to get 20, and it is easy to add 20 and 2.

So, 19 + 3 is 22.

38 is close to 40. I know 8 + 2 = 10, so 38 needs 2 more to make the next ten.

I can break apart the 7 into 2 and 5 to get 2 out.

In my head, I can add 38 + 2 to get 40. Now, I just add what is left, 40 + 5 is 45, so 38 + 7 = 45.

80 + 6 = 86

Using this strategy is easy because I:

- Can break apart numbers, like 8 into 6 and 2.
- Know 8 ones need 2 ones to make 10, so 78 + 2 = 80.
- Know how to add tens and some ones, like 80 + 6.

6

Lesson 5:

Make a ten to add within 100.



I can draw 20 and show how I will take 9 from a ten.

Now I see 10 and 1 left, which is 11. So, 20 - 9 is 11.

10 - 7 = 3

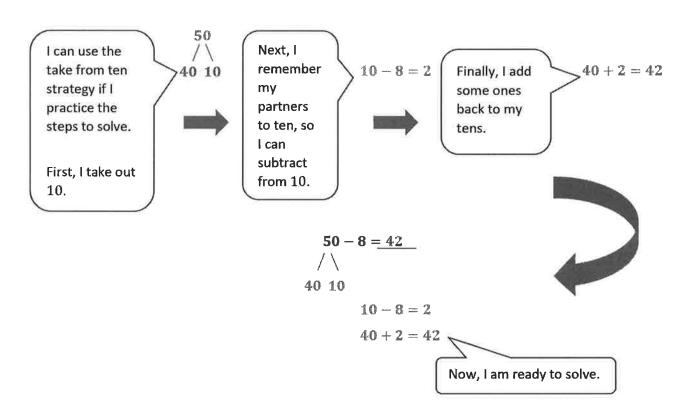
20 + 3 = 23

I can solve without drawing, too!

First, I break apart 30 with a number bond to take out 10. Next, I take 7 from 10. I know from my partners to ten that is 3.

20 + 3 = 23, so 30 - 7 is 23.

3.
$$50 - 8 = 42$$



Take from 10

1. 12 - 9 = 3

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I can draw 12 and show how I will take 9 from 10.

Now I see 1 and 2 left, which is 3. So 12 - 9 = 3.

12 - 9 = 310 2

$$10 - 9 = 1$$

 $2 + 1 = 3$

I can solve without drawing too! I can break apart 12 into 2 and 10. Now, it is easy to take 9 from 10. 10 - 9 is 1. And then I just add what is left. 2 + 1 is 3.

So, 12 - 9 is 3.

2.
$$14 - 8 = 6$$

First, take out 10.

Now, subtract from 10. 10 - 8 = 2

And adding what is left is easy because I know my related facts.

So 14 - 8 = 6.

3. Shane has 12 pencils. He gives some pencils to his friends. Now, he has 7 left. How many pencils did he give away?

$$12-7=5$$
/\
2 10
$$10-7=3$$

$$3+2=5$$

Shane gave away 5 pencils.



I can use this strategy to solve word problems, too!

I know the whole and a part. That means a part is missing! I can subtract to find how many pencils Shane gave away.



Lesson 7:

Take from 10 within 20.

I can break apart 52 into 42 and

10. Now it is easy to take away

9. I know from the partners to

ten that 10 - 9 is 1. Now I just add what is left. 42 + 1 is 43.

G2-M1-Lesson 8

Take from 10

I can use the same take from ten strategy when subtracting from bigger numbers!

1. 12 - 9 = 3

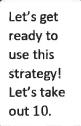


2 + 1 = 3

52 - 9 = 43 $/ \setminus$ $42 \quad 10$

10 - 9 = 142 + 1 = 43

2. 61 - 5 = 56



61 - 5 > / \
51 10 Now, let's practice subtracting from 10.

10 - 5 = 5

And adding what is left is easy because I know my related facts.

ted facts.

51 + 5 = 56

3. Mrs. Watts had 12 tacos. The children ate some. Nine tacos were left. How many tacos did the children eat?

$$\begin{array}{c}
 12 - 9 &= \underline{} \\
 \hline
 2 & 10 \\
 \hline
 10 - 9 &= 1 \\
 2 + 1 &= 3
 \end{array}$$

The children ate 3 tacos.

I can use this strategy to solve word problems, too!

I know the whole and a part. That means a part is missing! I can subtract to find how many tacos the children ate.